Chemistry I - Mrs. Bauck, PHUHS Unit 3 Title: Structure of Matter – Chapters 4,5

State Standards:

SC.912.P.8.4 AA (High) Explore the scientific theory of atoms (also known as atomic theory) by describing the structure of atoms in terms of protons, neutrons and electrons, and differentiate among these particles in terms of their mass, electrical charges and locations within the atom.

SC.912.P.8.3 AA (High) Explore the scientific theory of atoms (also known as atomic theory) by describing changes in the atomic model over time and why those changes were necessitated by experimental evidence.

SC.912.P.10.18 (High) Explore the theory of electromagnetism by comparing and contrasting the different parts of the electromagnetic spectrum in terms of wavelength, frequency, and energy, and relate them to phenomena and applications

SC.912.P.10.9 Describe the quantization of energy at the atomic level.

4.0	Extensions/Applications	Students will be able to:	
		 List and describe other subatomic particles not covered in class (quarks, neutrinos, bosons, baryons, etc.) Describe other subatomic particles not covered in class (quarks, 	
		neutrinos, bosons, baryons, etc.) Explain "Schrodinger's cat" and general concepts of quantum mechanics.	

		Students will be able to:		
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			Compare and contrast the proton, neutron, and electron based on	
			their relative mass, electrical charge, and location in the atom.	
			Explain the existence of neutrons and how they affect an element's	
			mass.	
			Calculate the relative atomic mass of an element	
			Explain the order in which the proton, neutron, and electron were	
			discovered and the basic research that led to each subatomic particle's	
			discovery.	
			Identify the scientists responsible for the discovery of the proton,	
			neutron, and electron.	
			Identify the changes in the atomic model from ancient to modern	
		_	times.	
			Describe the following experiments and their importance to the	
			development of modern atomic theory: Rutherford's Gold -foil,	
			Thompson's cathode ray tube, and Millikan's oil drop experiment.	
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	Learning Goal (Derived from State Standard)		Explain the inverse relationship between wavelength and frequency.	
3.0			Explain the direct relationship between energy and frequency.	
			Perform calculations to determine wavelength or frequency, given the	
			speed of light.	
			Perform calculations to determine energy or frequency, given Planck's	
			constant.	
			Compare and contrast the different parts of the EM spectrum in terms	
			of energy.	
			Explain what happens to an electron when it absorbs or releases	
			energy.	
			Explain the relationship between an electron's distance from the	
		_	nucleus and its energy.	
			Draw a Bohr model and utilize it to explain the concepts of electron	
			energy and placement in atom	
			Apply the concepts of Aufbau, Pauli and Hund to determine the	
			location of an electron in an atom.	
			Compare and contrast energy levels, sublevels, and orbitals.	
			Write the complete, condensed, and valence electron configurations	
			for elements 1-118.	

2.0	Required Skills or Background Knowledge to accomplish Learning Goal	Students will be able to: Define subatomic particle. Differentiate between directly and indirectly proportional. Explain the wave particle duality of nature. Explain the units associated with energy, frequency, wavelength, speed of light, and Plancks constant. Explain what happens between like and opposite charges. Round calculated answers to the correct number of significant figures.
1.0	With help from the teacher, student has partial success with the goal	Students will be able to: Achieve partial success with 2.0 and/or 3.0.
0.0	Even with help, the student has no success with the goal	□ Even with help, student is unable to understand or complete any of the skills in scales 1.0 through 4.0.